

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Addiese: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P O Box 1450 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.wepto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/576,536	04/19/2006	Juha Karttunen	868A.0074.U1(US)	3744	
10948 7550 099212911 Harrington & Smith, Attorneys At Law, LLC 4 Research Drive, Suite 202 Shelton, CT 06484			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			STONE, ROBERT M		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2629	•	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			09/21/2011	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Refore the Filing of an Appeal Brief

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/576,536	KARTTUNEN, JUHA			
	Examiner	Art Unit			
	ROBERT STONE	2629			

before the filling of all Appear blief	Examiner	Art Unit				
	ROBERT STONE	2629				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
THE REPLY FILED 07 September 2011 FAILS TO PLACE THI	S APPLICATION IN CONDITION	OR ALLOWANCE.				
<ol> <li>M The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appl for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 ( periods:</li> </ol>	replies: (1) an amendment, affidav eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	it, or other evidence, which places the with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request				
a) The period for reply expires months from the mailing	date of the final rejection.					
<ul> <li>The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire it</li> </ul>	The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailling date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailling date of the final rejection.					
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(	0.					
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.198(a). The date have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount hortened statutory period for reply orig than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropriate extension fee inally set in the final Office action; or (2) as				
	liance with 27 CER 41 27 must be	filed within two months of the date of				
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 4.137 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(a)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).						
AMENDMENTS .						
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because         <ul> <li>(a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);</li> </ul> </li> </ol>						
<ul> <li>(b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo</li> <li>(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bet</li> </ul>		ducing or simplifying the issues for				
appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally rej	ected claims.				
	NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).  The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).					
		mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324).				
<ol> <li>Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):</li> <li>By Dewly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the</li> </ol>						
non-allowable claim(s).		-				
7. A For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation on how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:						
Claim(s) allowed:						
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-3,5-17 and 19-22.						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:						
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE						
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>						
☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).						
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER						
The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:  See Continuation Sheet.						
12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)						
13. Other:						
/CHANH NGUYEN/	/Dobort M Stone/					
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2629	/Robert M Stone/ Examiner, Art Unit 2629					
	LAGITITION, ALL OTHE 2028	•				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06)

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant submists that the clied Halo reference "allogether lacks the structure of claim!" 19-eacuse "The element I does not correspond to any information-inding light unit that could be around the display' and "the arrow is in the display list." Examiner respectfully disagrees. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the reloson sare based on combinations of references. See In re Keller. 642 F.24 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.24 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). As previously cited, Yoshiki (Figs. 2.4 7- and 14-17) discloses a gaming apparatus with alplay unit with information-indicating light units located around the display (gaming machine with lighting units 30 having LEDs 31 around the border of the display screen.) The addition of Halo was to teach a gaming system (page 13 and page 15) with indications are deges of the display of objects located only outside the current view of the display screen is an advantage of the view shown on the display continues outside the view. In the direction of the visual stimulus that unctions as an indication of how the view shown on the display continues outside the view. In the direction of the visual stimulus the user's/player's in-game screen or HUD has large red warning indicators [1] at the edges of the screen referred to as Direction of Fire Indicators to inform the user of danger which is not currently visible).

Applicant further submits that a skilled person would not have been motivated to combine the teaching of Halo because "the advantage or opicitive of reaching the advantage of the instant application has not been identified in any of the clied references." Examiner respectfully disagrees. Firstly, the same motivation used by the instant application is not required to be in the cited references. Obviousness may be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See in re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USP02d 1956 (Fed. Cir. 1989), in re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USP02d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992, and KSR International Co. v. Felfets, Inc., 550 U.S. 398, 82 USP02d 1385 (2007). Secondly, the portion of the instant application relied upon by the Applicant to show this gives the reasoning that "the user has time to react to the approaching situation, when the approaching situation is middleaded in advance, so that the user can repear himself for the stitution." This reasoning is clearly evident in the cited Halo reference in the form of the red indicator warnings which indicate the direction of danger outside the current view of the user so that the user can repear for the approaching situation.

Applicant further submits that: "Yokoi falls to provide an overall teaching to make all types of games potenthe." Examiner respectufly disagrees. Yokoi discloses providing a compact portable gaming device (abstract: Figs. 1, 2, 3, 8, 20-21) bear use a device that is more compact/portable is more desirable/enjoyable [col. 1, lines 10-16 and lines 25-26]. Yokoi does not in any way disclose or suggest that this only applies to specific types of cames.